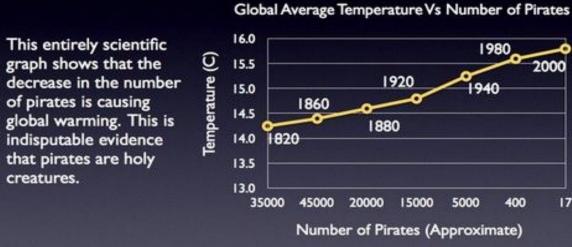
ASHRAE ILLINOIS CHAPTER SPRING CONFERENCE VENTILATION & INDOOR AIR QUALITY MARCH 11TH, 2019

RESEARCH AND THE ENVIRONMENT



Amazon Rain Forest – What's it do and how?



CORRELATION

■ A MUTUAL RELATIONSHIP OR CONNECTION BETWEEN TWO OR MORE THINGS.

CAUSALITY

THE ACTION OF CAUSING SOMETHING

IAQ and Ventilation in Perspective

- Structures have become tighter with lower infiltration rates.
- In early 1900s, small structures used approximately 50 materials used in construction. By less than 100 years later, this list had grown to about?? 55,000!*
- High moisture can trigger asthma attacks.**

⁺ Raw GJ. Sick building syndrome: a review of the evidence on causes and solutions.

HSE Contract Research Report no. 42. Building Research Establishment, Garson Watford, 1992.

++ ERT Associates. Asthma and weatherization in Maine. National Center for Heathy Housing, 2006.

HISTORY OF VENTILATION

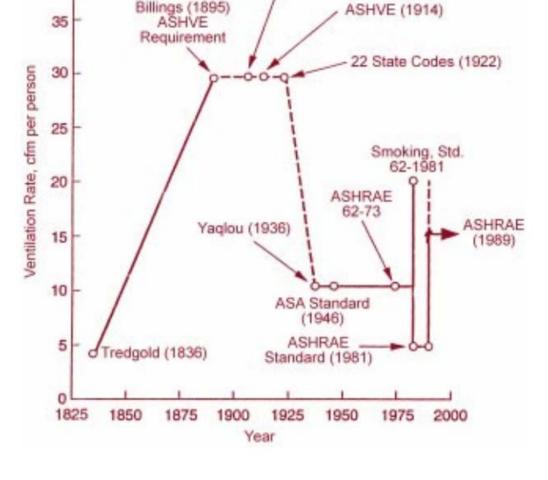
- EARLY HUMANS FIRE AND SMOKE
- EGYPTIAN STONE CARVERS
- MIDDLE AGES DISEASES
- 1775 LAVOISIER CO₂

"I am persuaded that no common air is so unwholesome as the air within a closed room that has been often breathed and not changed."





 1970'S DUE TO THE ENERGY CRISIS, TO CONSERVE **ENERGY IN THE US REDUCES VENTILATION RATES**



Flugge (1905)

Trivia

- How much water do we drink daily?
 - 4 lbs

- How much food do we eat daily?
 - 4 lbs

- How much air do we breath daily?
 - 31 lbs







WHY VENTILATE - IAQ

Half of U.S. Schools Suffer Fron Poor Indoor A:- O--1:---

by Sarah Lozanova on Monday, Jan 2



Share with your networ

The typical elementary-aged child spend 940 hours in school this year environment of the school can have Although it is commonly known th quality can cause major health issu asthma and lung cancer, it is a less per year. it can degrade productivity, the ability to concentrate, energy levels and even mood.

In fact, mental confusion, reduced mental performance, anxiety and coughin common responses to indoor air pollution. Longer exposure can lead to pers changes, impaired memory and slower motor responses -- which can all imp educational experience and achievement.

There are numerous workplace studies related to indoor air quality. The Nat Institutes of Health found the impact of poor indoor air quality on work perfo be as high as 6 to 9 percent in resulting loss of productivity. A series of studie Lawrence Berkeley Laboratory found that the presence of carpeting and less

lowered typing speed, typing accuracy and proofreading accuracy by 4 percent for each variable.



n household air pollution

Poor indoor air quality has a tremendous impact on the health and comfort of office

largest environmental contributor to ili nealth. The importance of household air pollution as a public health threat varies drastically according to the level of development: in low- and middleincome countries, household air pollution is responsible for almost 10% of the mortality, while

workers. It is estimated that IAQ problems cost the US economy as much as \$168 billion

the same risk factor is only responsible for 0.2% of deaths in high-income countries.



word in schools forces removal of Forks kids

Grand Forks, N.D. (AP)

About 700 children removed from two schools here have a serious risk," said Dr. Eric this week after officials found a black, slimy fungus in flood damaged air tunnels and crawl spaces.

Health authorities found the mold species "stachybotrys" growing in parts of Kelly and Lake Agassiz elementary schools. The buildings had been in use for child care. and summer-school programs.

other buildings where we know the should be alert for flood-related environment is safe," said Assistant mold dangers as summer heat and Superintendent Larry Holberg, "We humidity set in are taking every precaution possi- School officials hope to clean up

inhale mold particles and get sick

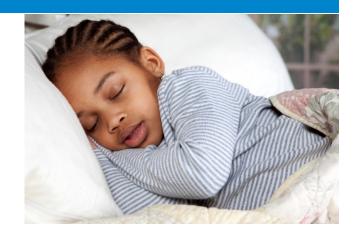
"I don't anticipate we're going to Lunn, the city's maternal and child health officer, "I suspect there's more chance of a child dying this summer from a car accident than from this fungus.

It is still best to be cautious, because stachybotrys has been known to cause bleeding in the lungs of small children, Dunn said. "They have relocated them to He said the entire community

WHY VENTILATE - IAQ







WHO'S AT RISK?

Everyone. However, children are the most vulnerable. Due to their physiology, children inhale more pollutants per pound of body weight than adults, and because children's airways are narrower, irritation means greater obstruction, according to the WHO. What's more, children's immune systems are less developed than adults.

DID YOU KNOW?

During sleep, people breathe more deeply, allowing more contaminants to enter their body. The results are aggravated asthma and allergies, stuffy noses, headaches, scratchy throats, coughs, sleep interruptions and general sickness. Additionally, contaminants are off-gassed from foams, plastics and flame-retardants found in most new beds and mattresses.

WHY VENTILATE - CONTAMINANTS

AMERICANS SPEND 90% OF THEIR TIME INDOORS

- INDOOR AIR IS **2X-5X** AND AS MUCH AS **100X** MORE POLLUTED (EPA)
- 30% OF COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS AFFECTED BY INDOOR AIR POLLUTION (EPA)
- POOR IAQ LEADS TO REDUCED EMPLOYEE PRODUCTIVITY, POOR STUDENT PERFORMANCE AND DISCOMFORT.
- POOR IAQ COST THE U.S ECONOMY \$168
 BILLION/YR (AIR MD)











WHY VENTILATE - CONTAMINANTS

ACCORDING TO STUDY OF 75,000 HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS IN NYC

- STUDENTS WERE 12.3% MORE LIKELY TO FAIL AN EXAM ON A 90°F DAY VERSUS A 75°F DAY
- POOR VENTILATION IN SCHOOLS WAS ASSOCIATED WITH STUDENT FATIGUE, LOWER ATTENTION SPAN, AND LOSS OF CONCENTRATION
- MORE THAN 60,000, OR 46%, OF ALL U.S. PUBLIC SCHOOLS HAVE CONDITIONS THAT CONTRIBUTE TO POOR INDOOR ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY (EPA)



Powerful ideas for a healthier world



WHY VENTILATE - CONTAMINANTS

- What Always Comes to Mind
 - Moisture and Mold
 - Odor











- Carbon Monoxide
- Carbon Dioxide
- Radon







- Nitrogen Dioxide
- Formaldehyde





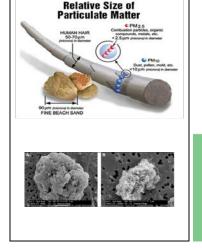


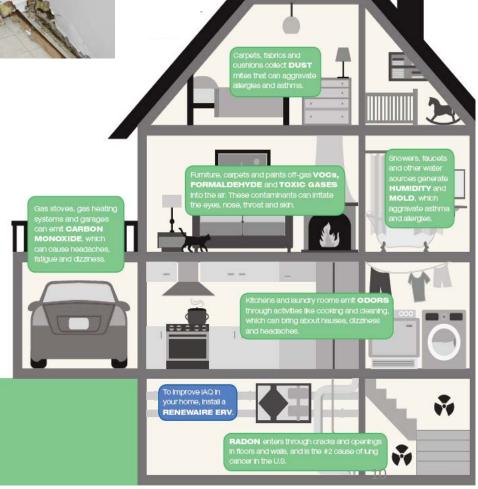












IAQ – IT DOES NOT STOP THERE



STUDY: ALARMING RESULTS FOUND IN SCENTED LAUNDRY DETERGENTS



Air Quality, Atmosphere, & Health recently published a study emissions. Top selling products were used in the research p detergent and dryer sheets. The main researcher who found sheets also led the dryer vent study.

Cancer Causing Concerns

Air pollution can affect child's brain development: Experts

New Delhi, July 27: Air pollution can affect a child's brain development, create abnormalities, and lower the IQ, health experts have claimed.



The health experts, whose claim is based on several studies, said that the difference between the working memory capacity of children living in urban areas is 4-5 per cent lower than children living in rural areas due to the effects of pollution.

"The findings are disturbing as optimal brain development is crucial in setting the foundation of children's future. Children are most vulnerable to negative effects of air

pollution due to their higher breathing rate to body size ratio, and less developed natural barriers in the lungs," explained S.P. Byotra, Head of Department of Internal Medicine at Sir Ganga Ram Hospital.

Byotra claimed that even indoor environment cannot be termed as safe since exposure to many common everyday pollutants in our homes, including tobacco smoke, lead in paint and toys, emissions from cooking stoves, mycotoxins among others, can affect a child's brain development.

A study published in PLOS Medicine, a peer-reviewed weekly medical journal, said that air pollution not only causes respiratory problems but can also affect the brain development of children of all ages including in the womb.

According to medical experts, millions of children exposed to toxic levels of indoor and outdoor pollution were showing brain detrimental effects exhibiting brain abnormalities. Tobacco dust, indoor air pollution, and airborne polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons were contributing the most.

ases found more than twenty-five mbinations which included seven

s. Two of the chemicals,

The health experts, whose claim is based on several studies, said that the difference between the working protection Agency.

no regulations on dryer emission.
rch study, emission from the dryer
e brands of laundry soap

e (Washington) area alone would6%) of automobile emission of

2016 author: Dr. Don Colbert

COMMERCIAL VENTILATION – ASHRAE min.?

STALE AIR IS MAKING YOU LESS PRODUCTIVE

- MARCH 2017 ISSUE OF HARVARD BUSINESS REVIEW
- BASED ON RESEARCH AT HARVARD, SYRACUSE UNIVERSITY, SUNY MEDICAL — DOUBLE BLIND STUDY
- STUDIED EFFECT OF DOUBLING VENTILATION ABOVE STANDARD 62, LOW VOC AND LOW CO2

CONCLUSIONS OF FINDINGS

- COST OF DOUBLING VENTILATION:
 - \$10 \$40 PER PERSON /YEAR
- PRDUCTIVITY BENEFITS \$6,500 PER PERSON / YEAR (NOT INCLUDING POTENTIAL HEALTH BENEFITS, REDUCED SICK BUILDING SYNDROME AND ABSENTEESIM

Harvard Business Review

WORKSPACES

Research: Stale Office Air Is Making You Less Productive

by Joseph G. Allen



How often do you consider the air quality in your office and how it affects employees and their productivity? Chances are it's not often.

There is a tendency to assume that, as long as commonly used standards for air quality are met, it won't be an issue. But these standards aren't very high. One common international standard that governs how much air is brought in from outside, "Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Quality," does not even purport to assure "healthy" air quality.

CO2! Surrogate or COC?

The effects of bedroom air quality on sleep and next-day

performance

P. Strøm-Tejsen, D. Zukowska, P. Wargocki and D.P. Wyon.

International Centre for Indoor Environment and Energy, Department of Civil Engineering, Technical University of Denmark

Corresponding author mail id: peterstromtejsen@gmail.com

Abstract

The effects of bedroom air quality on sleep and next-day performance were examined in two field intervention experiments in single-occupancy student dormitory rooms. The occupants, half of them women, could adjust an electric heater to maintain thermal comfort but they experienced two bedroom ventilation conditions, each maintained for one week, in balanced order. In the initial pilot experiment (N=14) bedroom ventilation was changed by opening a window (the resulting average CO₂ level was 2585 or 660 ppm). In the second experiment (N=16) an inaudible fan in the air intake vent was either disabled or



Pawel Wargocki

>20 years of experience in research & monitoring of human requirements in buildin... 2w

Interview in ASHRAE Newsletter



Connecting Today's To Peer-Reviewed C



Gas Appliance NOx Testing by UL

Compliance Testing to California's SCAQMD Rules 1111, 1121, and 1146.1 for furnaces, water heaters, and boilers Learn more >

Volume 1, Number 18, October 10, 2017

Indoor Air Quality

Adjust Your Thermostat, Sleep Better

How Indoor Air Quality Tactics Help You Sleep Better at Night
A study revealed how increasing the clean outdoor air supply rate in
bedrooms can improve sleep quality. Pawel Wargocki, Ph.D., Associate
Member ASHRAE, of Denmark, discusses the study and how people
can manipulate bedrooms' indoor air quality to help them get to sleep
faster, stay asleep and be more productive the next day. In a Journal
article from March 2013, Wargocki and David P. Wyon, Ph.D., Member
ASHRAE, answer 40 questions about the effects of thermal comfort
and indoor air quality on performance.



In this study, Wargocki and other researchers studied how well college students slept in different ventilation conditions.

NASA STUDY CO₂ STUDY

EFFECTS OF PROLONGED CO2 EXPOSURE

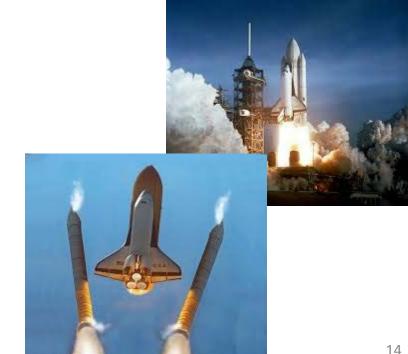
- HUMANS GENERATE 200 ML OF CO₂
- RESPIRATORY ACIDOSIS OCCURS FEW MINS AFTER EXPOSURE TO CO₂
- LEADS TO PULMONARY RESPONSE
- CO₂ IS A POTENT VASODILATOR OF CEREBRAL **BLOOD VESSELS**
- ELEVATED CO₂ LEVELS LEAD TO RENAL CALCULI (Kidney Stones)

Source: Chronic Exposure to Moderately Elevated CO2 during Long-Duration Space Flights

NASA/TP-2012-217358



Chronic Exposure to Moderately Elevated CO₂ during Long-Duration Space Flight



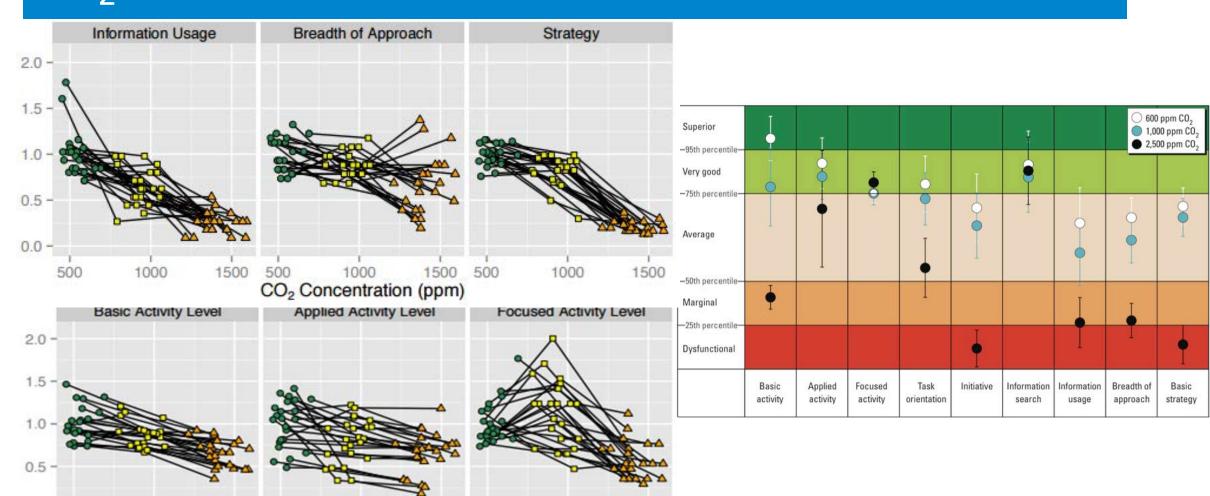
IAQ and Ventilation in Perspective – LBNL Study

- Significant declines in cognitive functions when CO₂ concentrations were increased to 950 ppm or higher.⁺
- Lack of mechanical ventilation has adverse human impacts; DALYs increase.**

⁺ Allen, GA, et al. Associations of cognitive function scores with carbon dioxide, ventilation, and volatile organic compound exposures in office workers: A controlled exposure study of green and conventional office environments, National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences, 2015.

^{**} Logue et al., *Hazard assessment of chemical air contaminants measured in residences*, June 2010, LBNL-3650E.

CO₂ FRIEND OR FOE – LBNL Real World Research



Source: Satish et al. (2012) Is CO2 an Indoor Pollutant? Direct Effects of Low-to-Moderate CO2 Concentrations on Human Decision-Making Performance **Source:** Allen et al (2015) Associations of Cognitive Function Scores with Carbon Dioxide, Ventilation, and Volatile Organic Compound Exposures in Office Workers

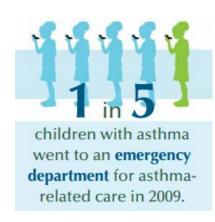
0.0

Cost of illness - DALY

1 in 11 children has asthma

1 in 12 adults has asthma





- Asthma
- Damage To Liver Kidneys And CNS
- Spread Of Communicable Diseases (Eg.SARS)
- Body Nervous And Endocrine System Problems

In 2009, there were:

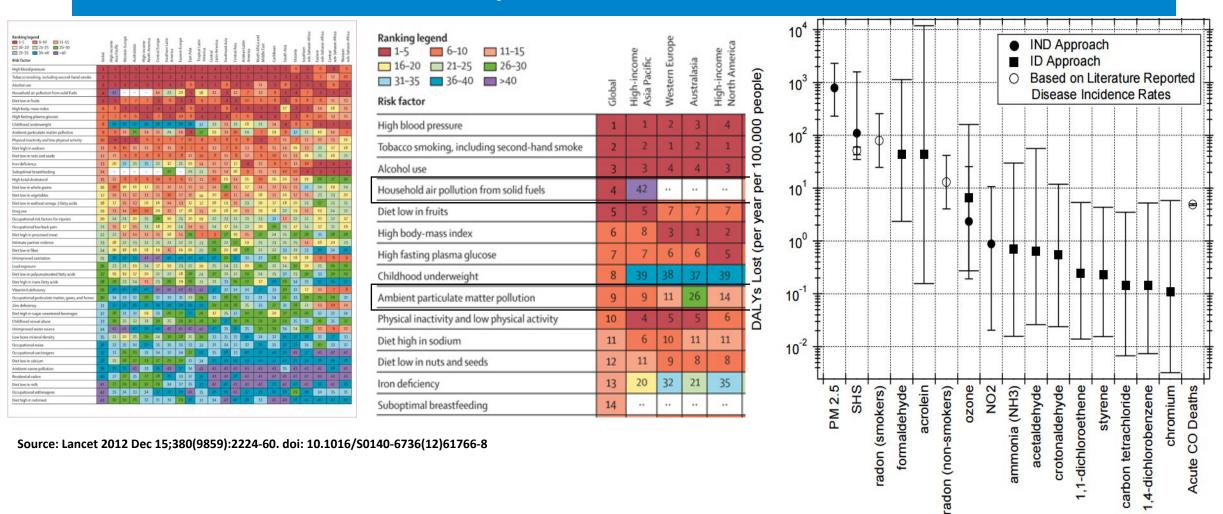


479,300 asthma-related hospitalizations

1.9 million asthma-related emergency department visits



Disease Burden By Various Risks



Estimated population averaged annual cost, in DALYs, of chronic air pollutant inhalation in U.S; results for the 15 pollutants with highest mean damage estimates.

DALY AND DISEASE BURDEN

Table 1. Energy use (E) in 10⁻³ quads and DALYs (D) per 100,000 households per year

Ventilation Cases	Energy	ΔE	DALYs lost	ΔD
	$(quads/10^{-3})$	$(\Delta E/E_{base-case})$	(years)	$(\Delta D/D_{base-case})$
Base Case-Infiltration only	3.5		160	
Unbalanced Mechanical	4.0	5 (14%)	90	70 (-41%)
Ventilation				111
Balanced Mechanical Ventilation	4.3	8 (21%)	70	90 (-54%)

Source: Logue et al., Assessment of Indoor Air Quality Benefits and Energy Costs of Mechanical Ventilation, June 2011, LBNL-4945-E



ASHRAE Guideline 42P

Advisory Public Review Draft

Indoor Air Quality in Commercial and Institutional Buildings

Advisory Public Review (April 2018)
(Complete Draft for Full Review)

This draft has been recommended for public review by the responsible project committee. To submit a comment on this proposed guideline, go to the ASHRAE website at www.ashrae.org/standards-research-technology/public-review-drafts and access the online comment database. The draft is subject to modification until it is approved for publication by the Board of Directors. Until this time, the current edition of the guideline (as modified by any published addenda on the ASHRAE website) remains in effect. The current edition of any guideline may be purchased from the ASHRAE Online Store at www.ashrae.org/bookstore or by calling 404-636-8400 or 1-800-727-4723 (for orders in the U.S. or Canada).

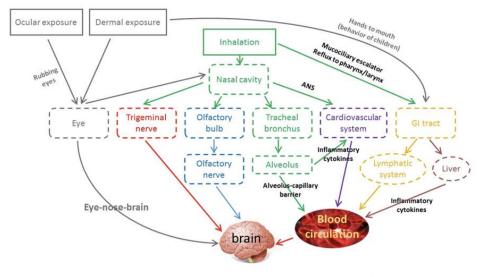
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ASHRAE Guideline 42P, Indoor Air Quality in Commercial and Institutional Buildings Advisory Public Review Draft

- 4.2.4 Design aspects to increase the occupant experience
 - a. Increasing activity Applicable as IAQ and IEQ
 - b. Daylight Applicable as IAQ and IEQ, impact the ability for thermal and moisture control
 - c. Products and materials selection
- **4.3 Environmental Health.** Encompasses both indoor and outdoor components of environmental health, awareness of contaminants of concern, controllable and non-controllable pollutants. Discussion will include best practices in design and operation to improve IAQ.
- 4.3.1 This is part of the "people portion" of people, pathways, pollutants, and pressure
- 4.3.2 Focus on what is known about environmental impacts on health
 - a. Ambient particulate matter, in 2010, was ranked as the ninth most hazardous factor of the global burden of disease. The contribution to premature deaths was approximately 3.3 million yearly and premature mortality has been estimated to double by 2050 if ambient PM levels are not significantly reduced. This points out the importance requiring excellent filtration for PM removal prior to occupants' exposure indoors.
 - b. <u>Also</u> must remember that PM is not just the solid matter, but also is a carrier of other chemicals, which can float in the air as aerosols. These have the potential to deposit in the respiratory tract at all levels from the upper nasal areas to the lower alveoli.

Possible routes for PM to enter the brain (from Wang Y, Xiong L, and Tang M. 2016. Toxicity of inhaled particulate matter on the central nervous system: neuroinflammation, neurodegenerative disease. *J appl. toxicology*. Published on-line 3/16/17. DOI 10.1002/jat.3451.



c. PM effects - respiratory (asthma), cardio, neurological, obesity, neurodevelopmental impacts

US DOE VENTILATION STUDY

Ventilation System
Effectiveness and
Tested Indoor Air
Quality Impacts
Armin Rudd, Daniel Bergey

March 2013

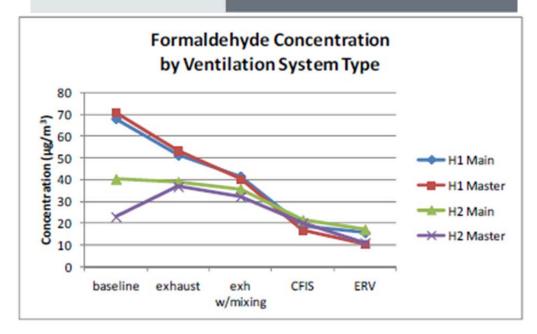
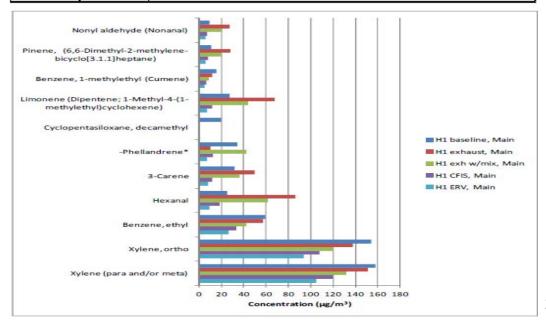


Table 2. Test number, name, and description of the five tests conducted in each house

Test Number	Test Name	Test Name Test Description	
1	Baseline	No ventilation, bedroom doors closed, no central fan operation	
2	Exhaust	Exhaust ventilation from master bathroom, bathroom door open to bedroom, bedroom doors closed, no central fan operation	
3	Exh w/mixing	Exhaust ventilation from master bathroom, bathroom door open to bedroom, bedroom doors closed, 20% central fan operation (48 off / 12 on)	
4	CFIS	Central-fan-integrated supply (CFIS) ventilation, bedrooms closed, 33% central fan duty cycle (20 off / 10 on)	
5	ERV	Balanced (ERV) ventilation, bedrooms closed, no central fan operation	

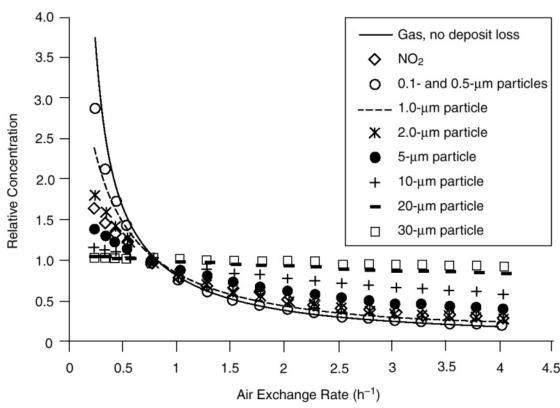


ENHANCING IAQ

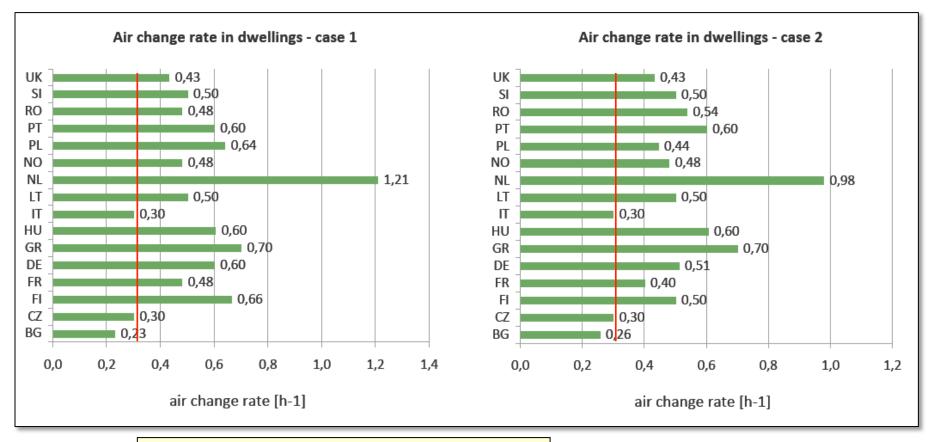
METHODS TO ENHANE IAQ

- MINIMIZE CHEMICAL POLLUTANTS
- MOISTURE CONTROL
- FILTRATION
- PROPER MAINTENANCE OF HVAC SYSTEMS
- IMPROVED VENTILATION SIMPLEST AND MOST COST EFFECTIVE METHOD

"Ventilation is providing for acceptable IAQ)through the simultaneous exhaust of stale air and supply of fresh outdoor air."



EUROPEAN VENTILATION RATES

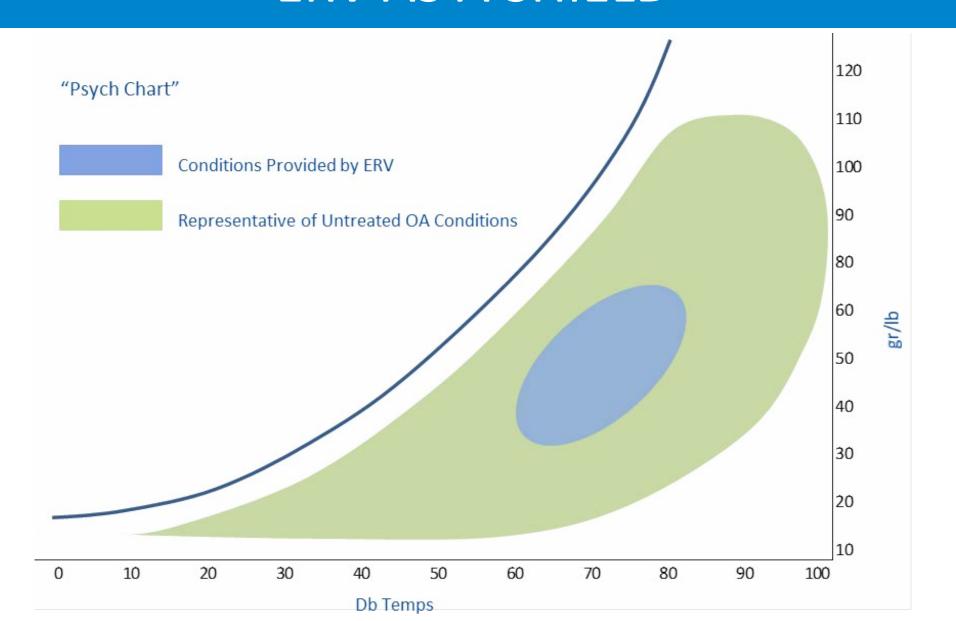


ASHRAE 62.2-2016 rate ~ 0.3 - 0.35 ach

Ventilation Rates and IAQ in National Regulations, Nejc Brelih, AIVC Conference, October 2011, Brussels, Belgium.

Courtesy of Rick Karg RED

ERV AS A SHIELD



COOLING LOAD WITH ERV

COOLING LOAD CONVENTIONAL

SUPPLY AIR = 5000 CFM

OUTSIDE AIR = 1500 CFM



RETURN AIR = 3500 CFM

OA TEMP [DB/WB] - 95/78

RA TEMP (DB/WB) -75/62.5

MA TEMP (DB/WB) - 81/67

COOLING = 17 TONS

COOLING LOAD WITH ENERGY RECOVERY

SUPPLY AIR = 5000 CFM

OUTSIDE AIR = 1500 CFM

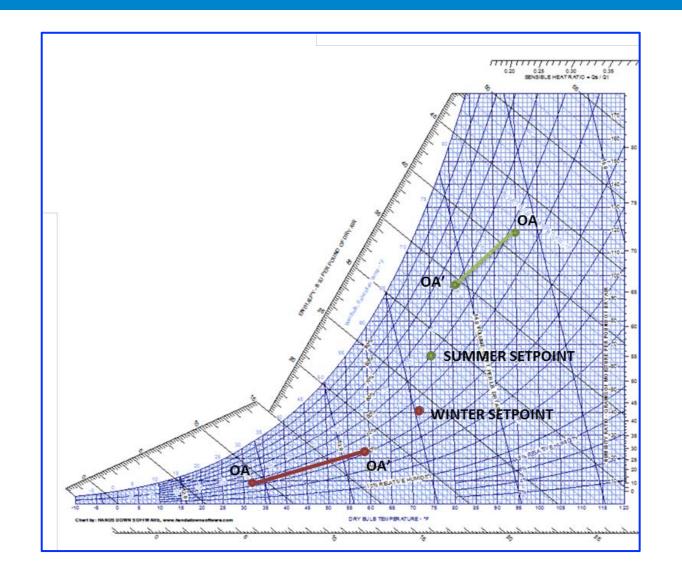
RETURN AIR = 3500 CFM

OA TEMP [DB/WB] – 95/78

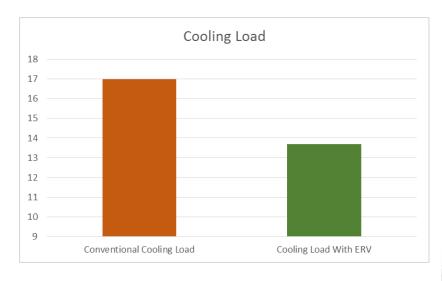
RA TEMP (DB/WB) -75/62.5

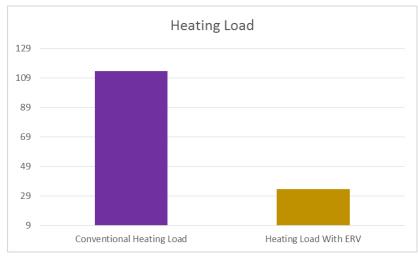
MA TEMP (DB/WB) - 76.8/64.93

COOLING = 13.9 TONS



BUILDING LOADS WITH ERV







= \$3,600 IN COOLING LOAD SAVINGS

- \$5,500 Total Equipment Savings
- \$2,250 Annual Energy Savings

Installed Cost for 1,500 cfm ERV ~ \$7,550



True Payback = 1 Year !!

= \$1,900 IN HEATING LOAD SAVINGS

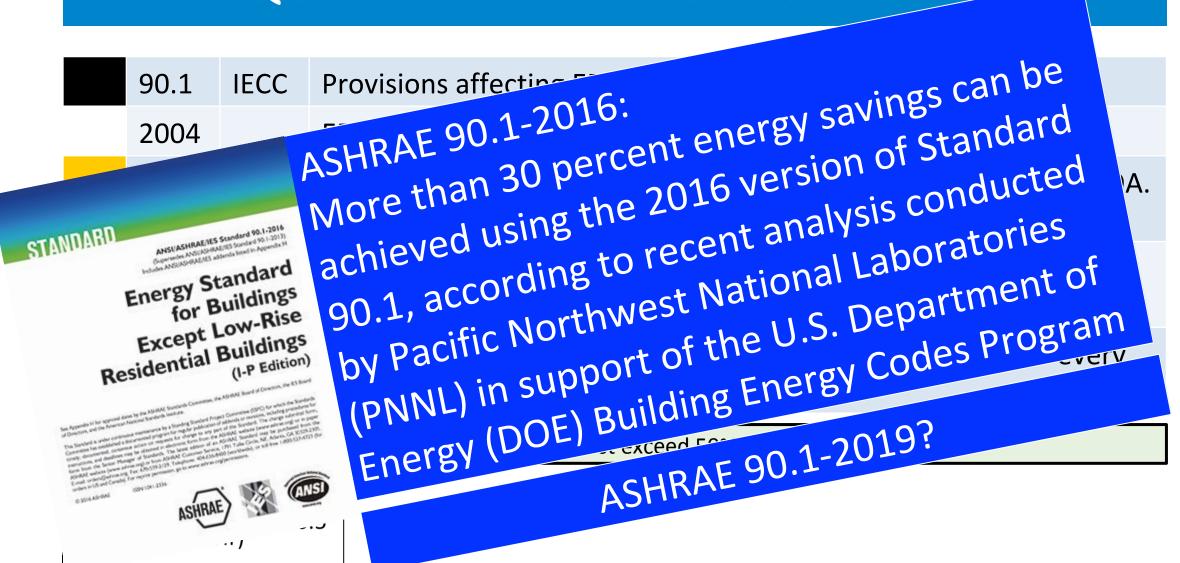
ERV REQUIREMENTS IN CODES

90.1	IECC	Provisions affecting ERV
2004		ERV not required
2007	2009	ERV required when for HVAC systems over 5000 CFM and 70% OA. Fan power limits introduced, ERVs exempted
2010	2012	Table 6.5.6.1 introduced – ERV required in every zone for some systems, sometimes under 5000 CFM. Fan Power Limits apply
2013	2015	Table 6.5.6.1 – ERV requirements change slightly, and now every climate zone has applications for ERV

In all editions supply air load reduction by the ERV must exceed 50% at the applied air flow

$$ERE = \frac{(Ho - Hsa)}{(Ho - Hr)} >= 0.5$$

ERV REQUIREMENTS IN CODES



Very Good Resource

www.iaqscience.lbl.gov/vent-home



Inis summary considers six cross sectional studies (pol-bg), six case-control studies (pol-2s), and eight intervention studies (14-81). The cross sectional studies used data from sets of homes chosen without consideration of occupant health status or home ventilation rates. All these studies employed statistical models to quantify the effects of ventilation rates on health, isolated to the extent possible from the effects of other factors, called potential confounders. The potential confounders are features of the homes or occupants potentially correlated with ventilation rates with me potential to influence the health effects. Because of the possibility for residual confounding, i.e., inability to fully isolate the effects of ventilation rates on health from the effects of other factors on health, these cross sectional studies can identify associations but cannot prove causal relationships. The case-control studies were similar, but were based uses subjects with specific types of adverse health effects and control subjects without these health effects that were otherwise similar to the case subjects. The case control design increases study power and the maximing of cases with control rots can reduce the potential of roconfounding error. All but one of the case control studies employed statistical models to quantify the effects of ventilation rates on health, isolated to the extent possible from the effects of potential confounders. The intervention studies assessed changes in health within the occupants of homes when ventilation rates were intentionally changed. Some intervention studies and placebo (fake) increases in ventilation rates within homes, making the occupants unaware of when ventilation rates were actually increased. Some of the intervention studies incroporated sets of control homes and control subjects with placebo increases in ventilation rates. In these studies, changes in health within the occupants of homes when health and the proposal control studies increased.

Based on 118 papers

List of Cited Documents

National-Level Opportunitie: Air Cleaning

Dampness and Mold

Climate Change

©2019 LBNL Indoor Environment Group

Courtesy of Rick Karg RED

LBNL Study

"Overall.....the number of reported statistically significant improvements in health with increased ventilation rates far exceeded the anticipated chance

